

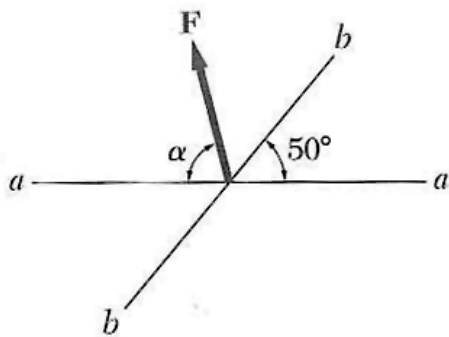
Example 1 Use the parallelogram rule to find the magnitude and direction of the resultant of the two forces shown. Given: $A = 5 \text{ kN}$, $B = 3.5 \text{ kN}$.

Find the exact answer using trig.

Procedure:

1. Draw scaled, labeled parallelogram.
2. Identify known quantities.
3. Use law of sines/cosines to solve for required values.
4. Supply answer and units

Example 2 The force \mathbf{F} of magnitude 500 lb is to be resolved into two components along line $a-a$ and $b-b$. Determine angle α , knowing that the component of \mathbf{F} along line $a-a$ is to be 400 lb.



Example 3 A stake is pulled out of the ground by means of two ropes as shown. (a) Knowing that $\alpha = 30^\circ$, determine by trigonometry the magnitude of the force P so that the resultant force exerted on the stake is vertical. (b) What is the corresponding magnitude of the resultant?

